





## **IVM-Guided Biopsy**

**Advances in Barrett's Esophagus Surveillance** 



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   Microscopy Committee



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 Dr. Tearney has the following financial relationships with commercial interests to disclose:

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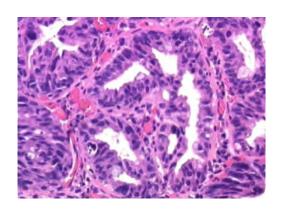
## Barrett's Esophagus by Standard Endoscopy View

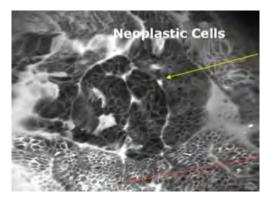
Seattle Protocol



### In Vivo Microscopy (IVM)

- Emerging field in which microscopic images are obtained in real time from living patients
- Technologies use reflected light
- Images may be rapidly constructed in 2D and 3D
- Both static images and video are captured





Kiesslich R et al. *Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol.* 2006; 8:979-987.

#### In Vivo Microscopy (IVM)



- IVM dataset consists of static images as well as video
- Images obtained via instruments that can be inserted into endoscope accessory ports or used as standalone imaging tools

Image courtesy of Eric F. Glassy, MD: Affiliated Pathologists Medical Group Inc

#### **Endomicroscopy Technologies**

- Commercially available and FDA-approved
  - Confocal microscopy
    - Confocal laser endomicroscopy (CLE)
    - Optical coherence tomography (OCT)
      - Volumetric laser endomicroscopy (VLE)
- Many other technologies used in research
- Material costs (estimates)
  - Equipment: ~\$50K-\$250K
  - Endoluminal probes: ~\$100-\$1000/use

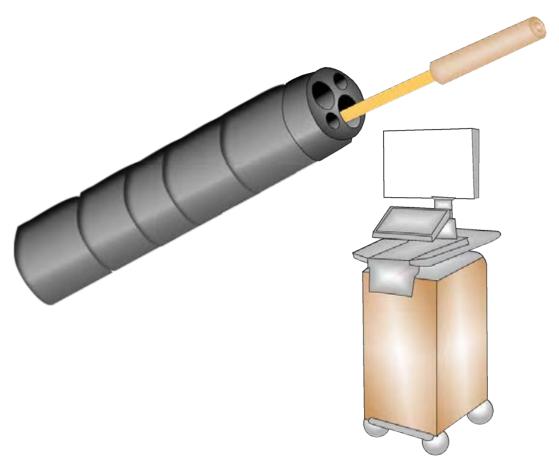
#### **Confocal Laser Endomicroscopy (CLE)**

- Endoscopic microscopy microscopy through an endoscope
- Multiple variants:
  - Probe-based CLE (pCLE)
  - Endoscope-based CLE (eCLE)
  - Needle-based CLE (nCLE)
    - Probe inserted through the bore of a biopsy needle

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### **Confocal Laser Endomicroscopy (pCLE)**

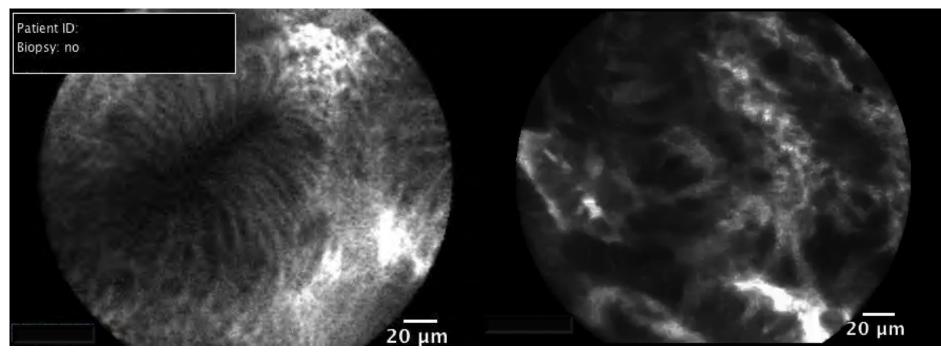


Images courtesy of Eric F. Glassy, MD: Affiliated Pathologists Medical Group Inc

#### **Confocal Laser Endomicroscopy (CLE)**

- Enables visualization of microscopic tissue architectural and cellular morphology
- Provides 2D images in plane parallel to tissue surface (en face)
- 1-2 µm resolution
- 10 µm resolution in depth
- Contrast arises from scattering within tissue or from fluorescein injected i.v.

## pCLE of Barrett's: Normal vs. High Grade Dysplasia/Intra-Mucosal Carcinoma



No Dysplasia

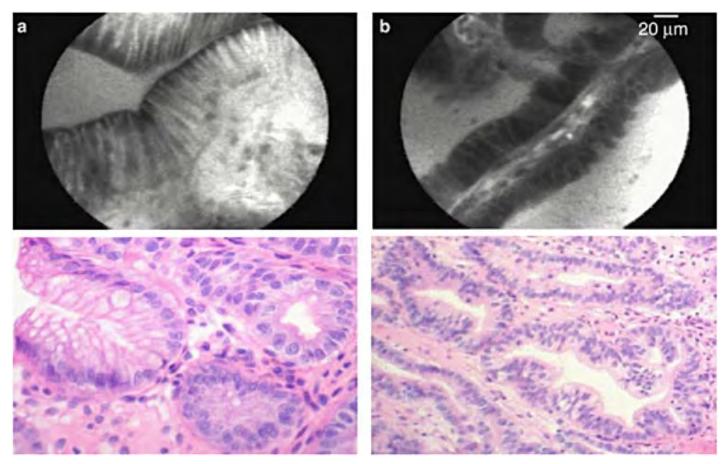
High Grade Dysplasia / Intra-Mucosal Carcinoma

Images courtesy of Dr. Emmanuel Coron, Université de Nantes, France

### **pCLE**

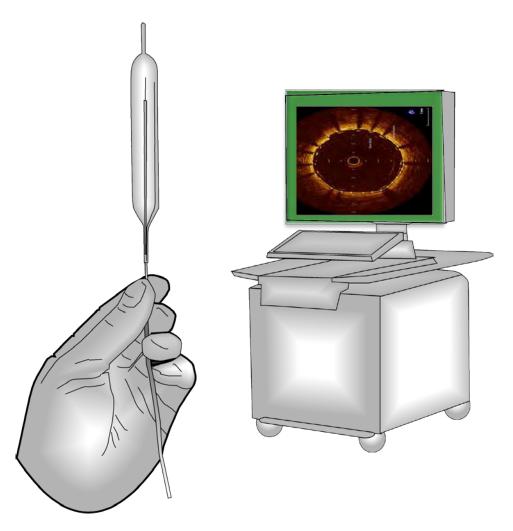
#### **Non-dysplastic Barrett's**

#### **Dysplastic Barrett's**



Gaddam S et al. Am J Gastroenterol. 2011; 106(11):1961-9.

### **Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT)**



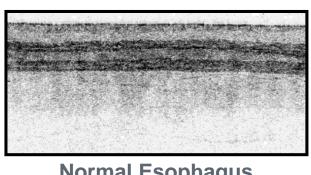
Images courtesy of Eric F. Glassy, MD: Affiliated Pathologists Medical Group Inc

#### **Optical Coherence Tomography**

- Enables visualization of microscopic tissue architectural morphology
- Analogous to ultrasound, but uses light to achieve higher resolution
- Provides cross-sectional and 3D images
- 10 µm resolution in depth
- 30-40 µm resolution in plane parallel to surface of tissue
- Contrast arises from scattering within tissue

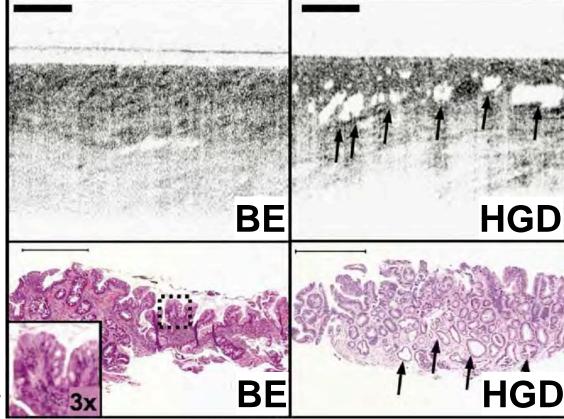
#### **OCT**

## Examples: OCT images of Barrett's esophagus with and without high grade dysplasia (HGD)



Normal Esophagus
Image courtesy of Tearney Labs

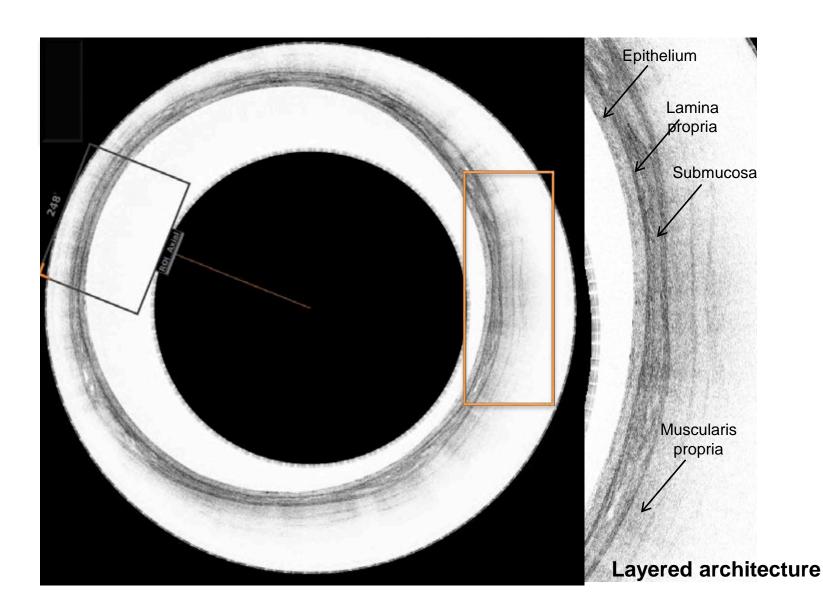
OCT (in vivo)



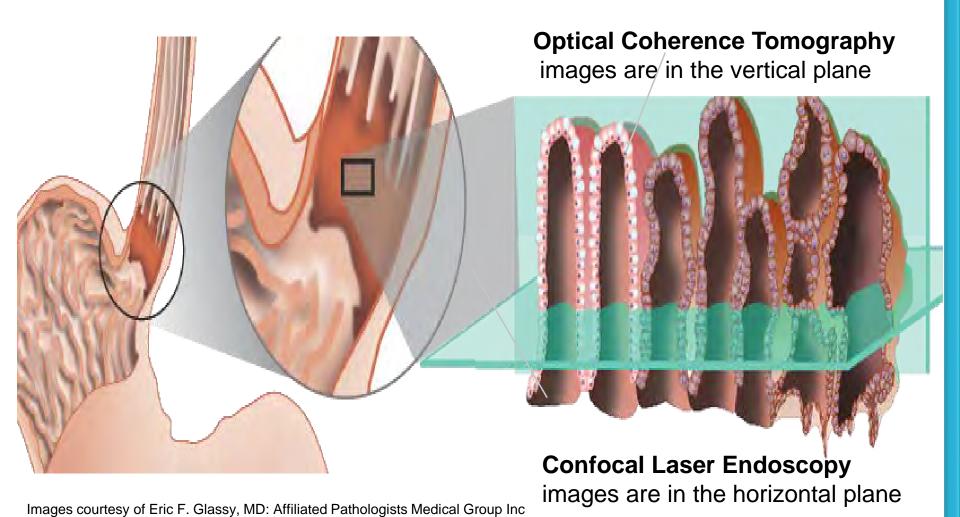
Histology

Arrows point to atypical glands in the mucosa

### OCT Cross Section of Normal Squamous-Lined Esophagus



### Barrett's Esophagus: OCT vs. CLE

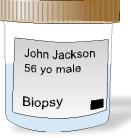


## IVM Can Deliver Better Diagnoses

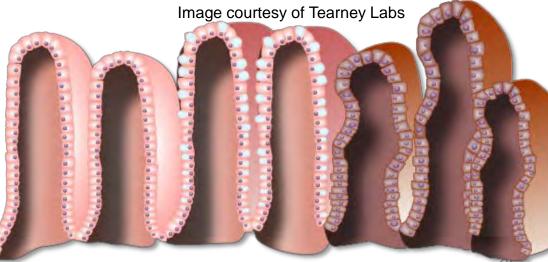
- Guide the acquisition of more meaningful, targeted biopsies
- Help screen entire organs for occult microscopic disease

 Obtain microscopic diagnoses when tissues cannot be easily or safely excised

Assess the efficacy of therapy



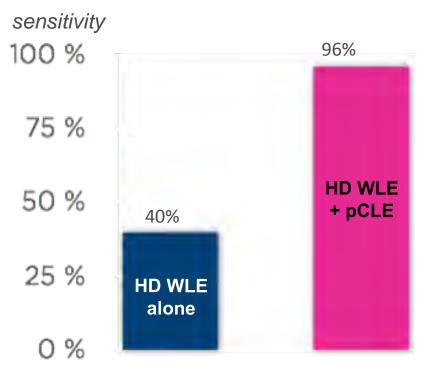




Images courtesy of Eric F. Glassy, MD: Affiliated Pathologists Medical Group Inc

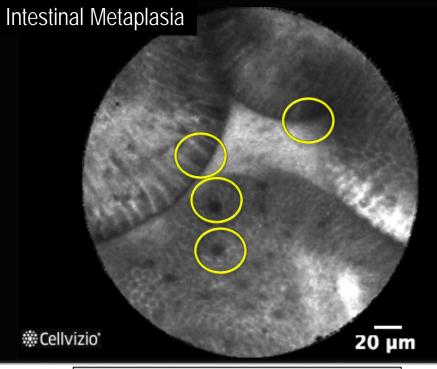
## Sensitivity for neoplastic detection during BE surveillance pCLE

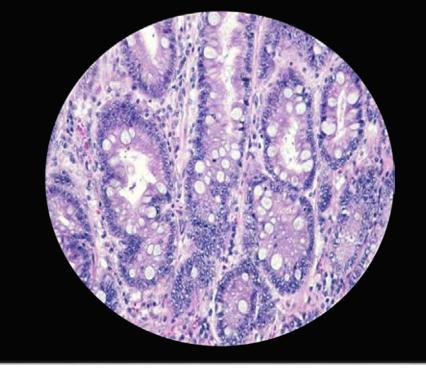
multi-center, randomized controlled trial, 192 patients, 2 arms



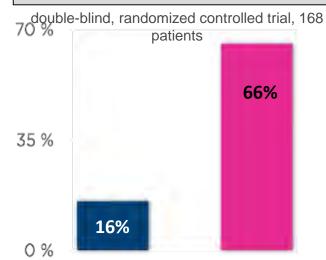
HD WLE: High Definition White Light Endoscopy

- Improved the treatment plan in 36% of patients
- TRIPLE the diagnostic yield of physical biopsies for neoplasia





#### Diagnostic yield\* of GIM



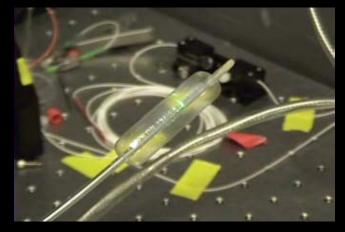
CLE-guided biopsy decreased by 68% the mean number of biopsies required per patient

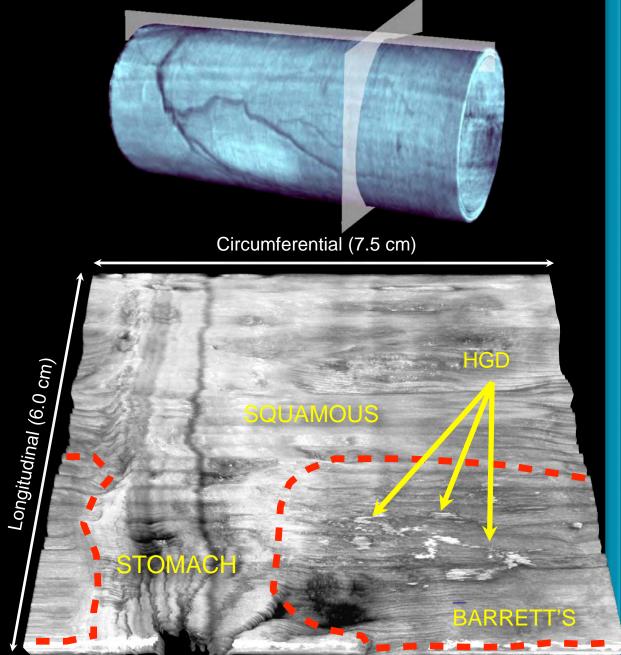
Li Z.. CLE for in vivo detection of GIM: a randomized controlled trial, Endoscopy, 2014.

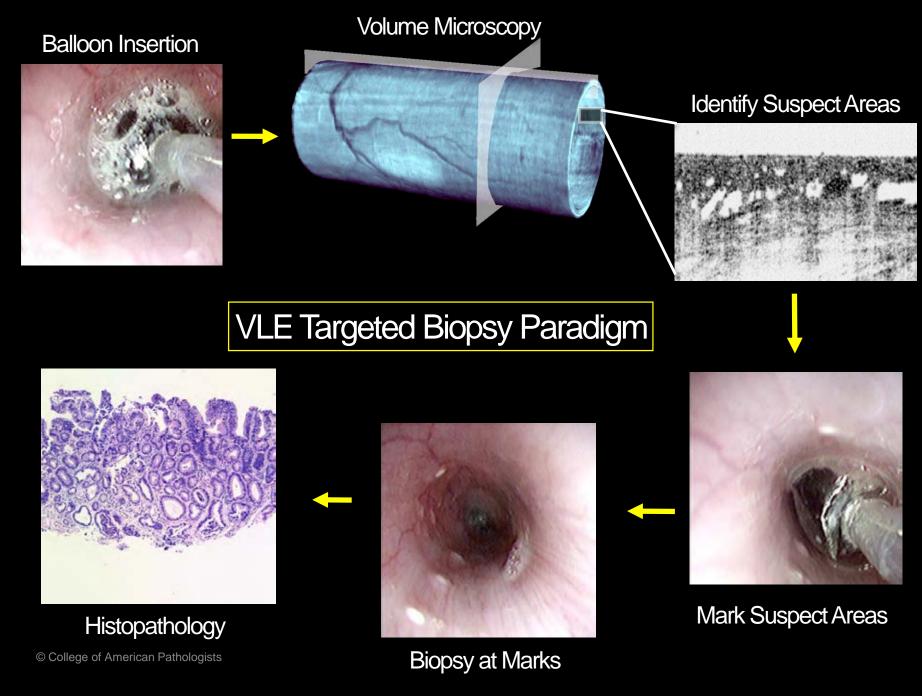
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WLE & standard biopsy

CLE targeted biopsy

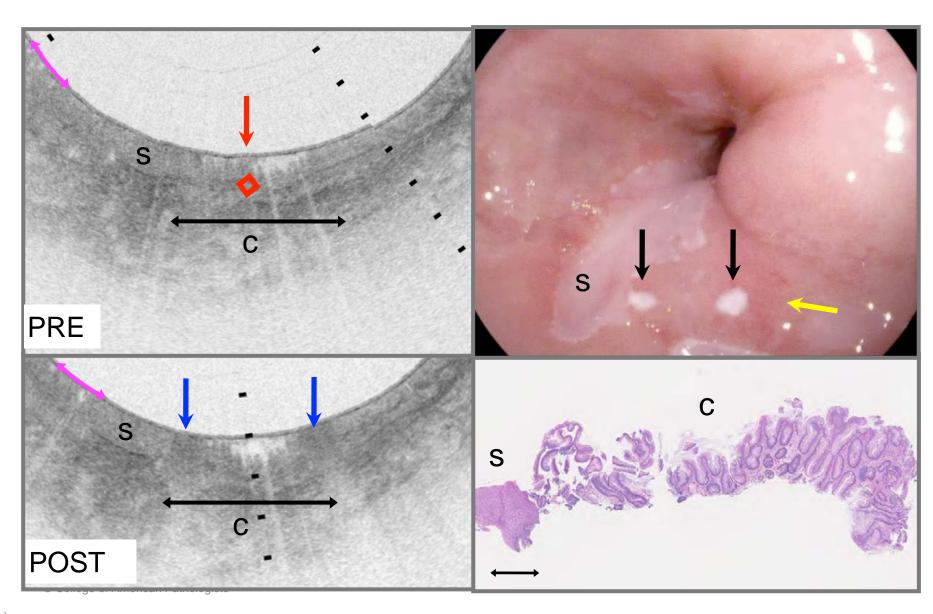
## Volume Esophageal Surveillance with OCT







### **OCT Guided Biopsy**



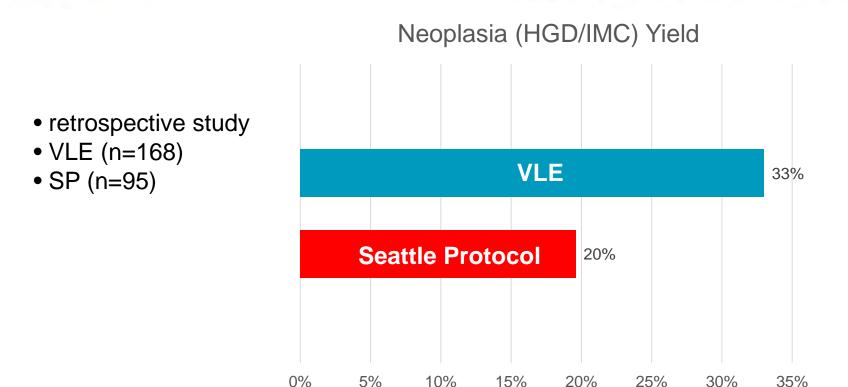
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# Incremental yield of dysplasia detection in Barrett's esophagus using volumetric laser endomicroscopy with and without laser marking compared with a standardized random biopsy protocol

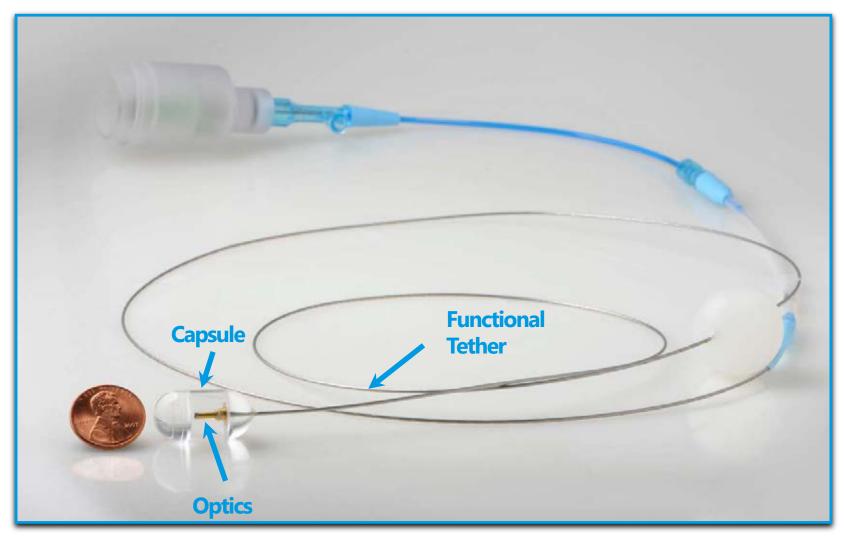
Mohammad Alshelleh, MD, Sumant Inamdar, MD, Matthew McKinley, MD, Molly Stewart, BS, Jeffrey S. Novak, MD, Ronald E. Greenberg, MD, Keith Sultan, MD, Bethany Devito, MD, Mary Cheung, MD, Maurice A. Cerulli, MD, Larry S. Miller, MD, Divyesh V. Sejpal, MD, Anil K. Vegesna, MD, Arvind J. Trindade, MD

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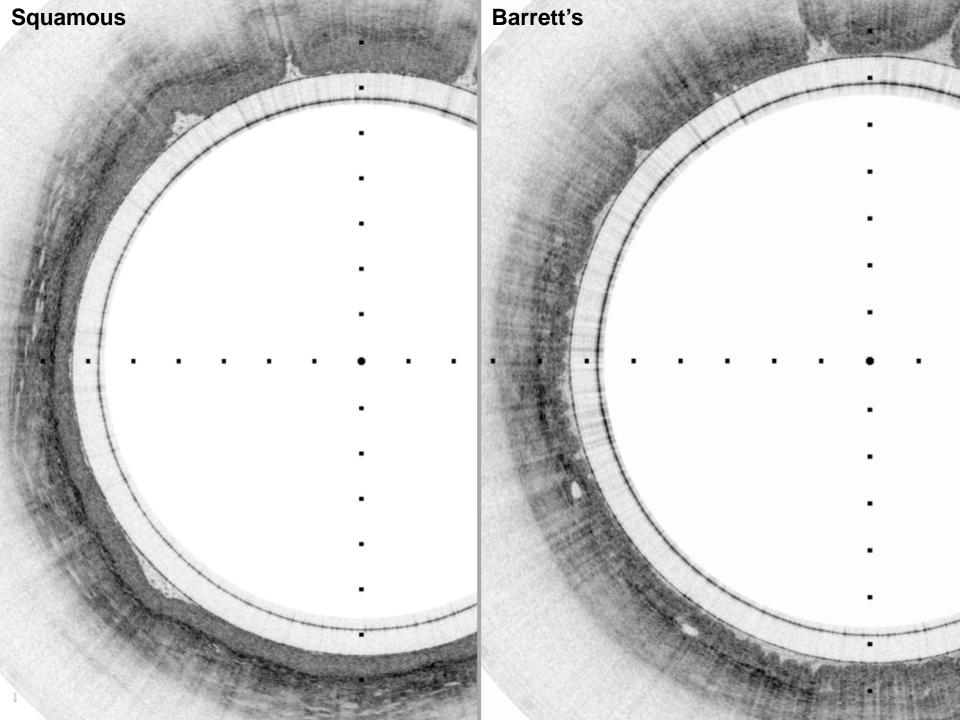


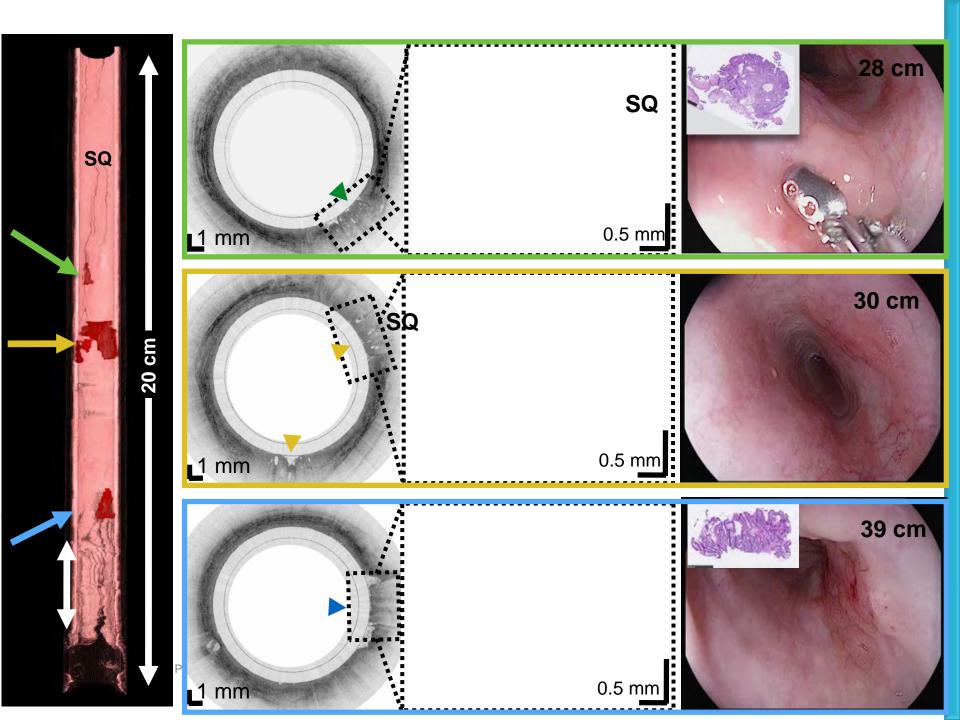
### **Capsule OCT**



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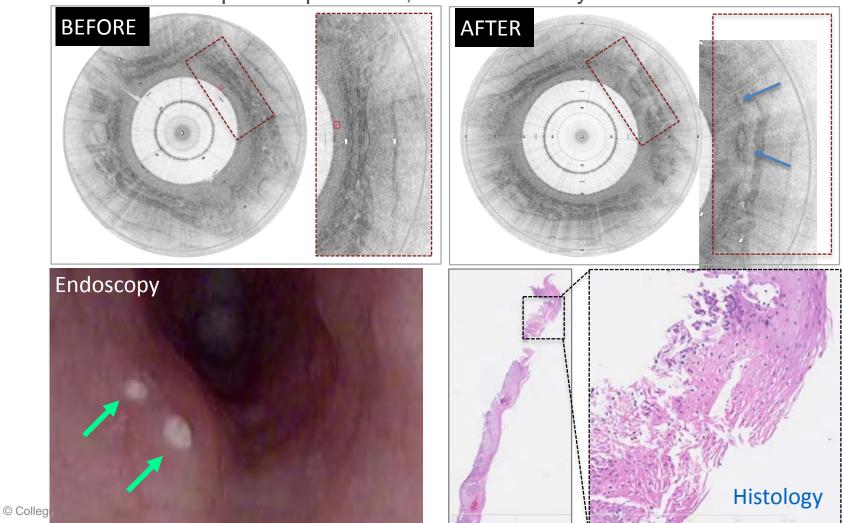
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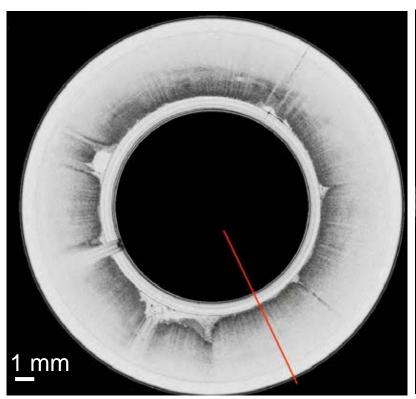


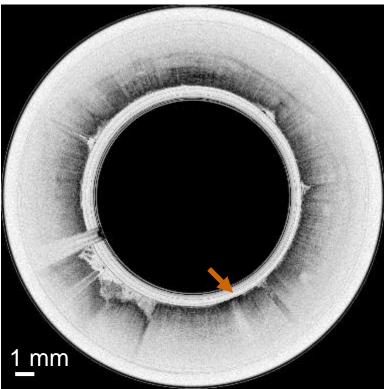
#### **Capsule Guided Biopsy**

- Laser cautery marking
- 1 second exposure per mark, 1 second delay between marks

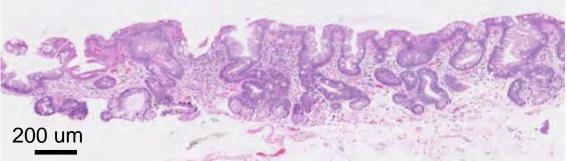


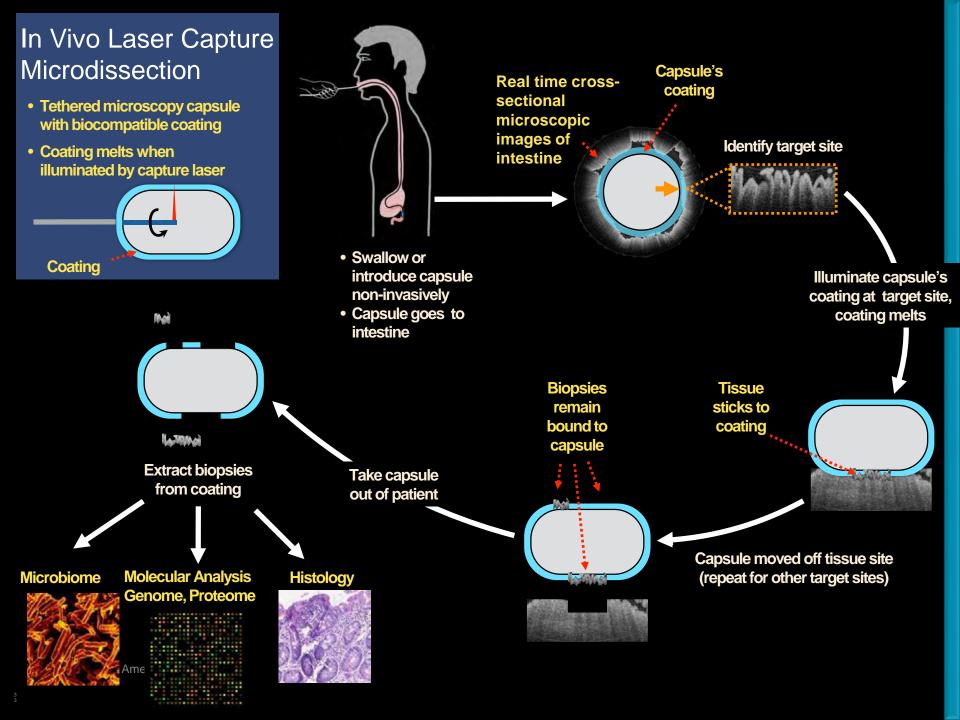
## **Capsule Guided Biopsy**







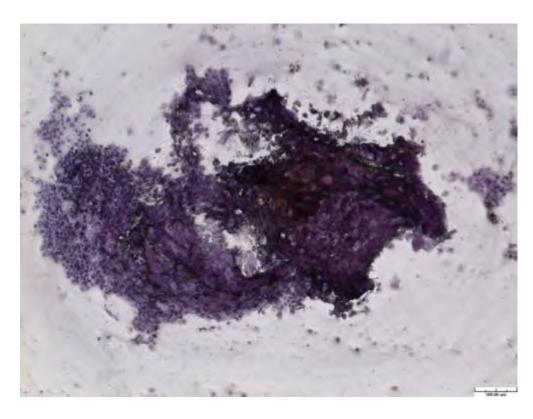




## IVLCM: Tissue Expulsion and Incorporation into Device

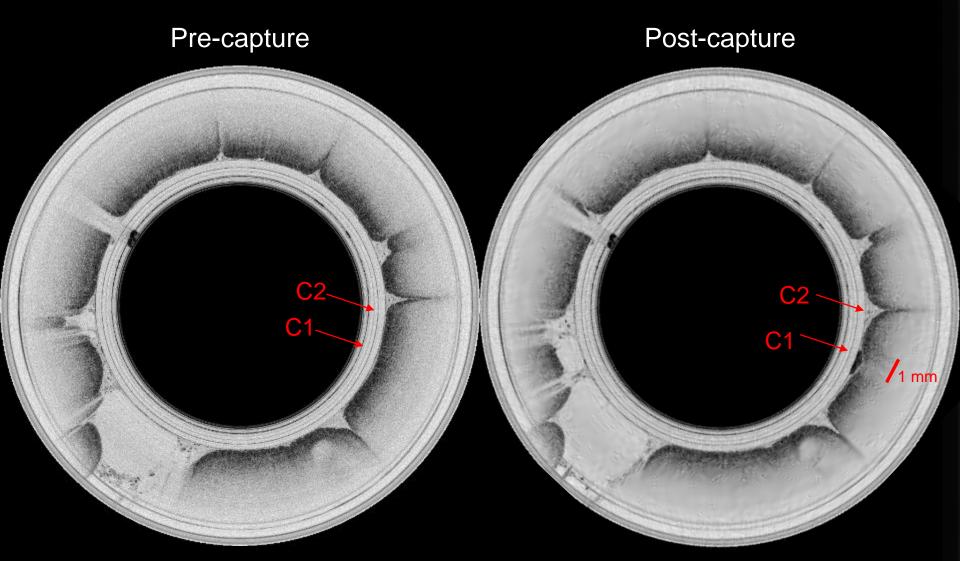
- 1400 nm cw laser 1s, 0.8 W
- Steam force breaks cellular bonds, expels tissue
- Tissue attaches to overlying thermopolymer





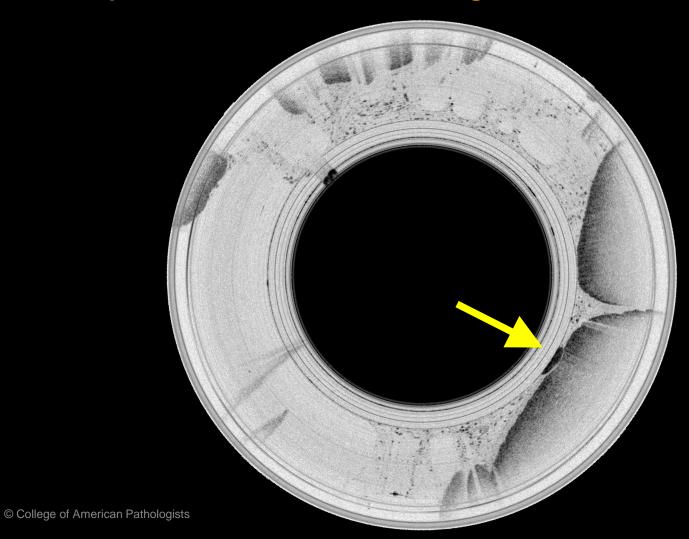
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## IVLCM: First-in-human

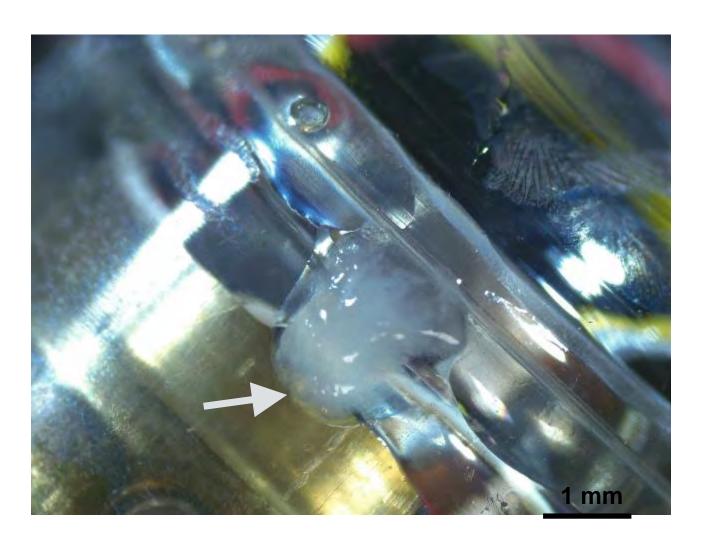


### **Tissue Retention**

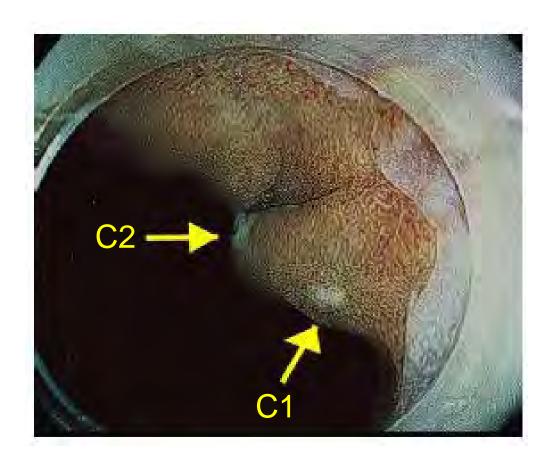
**Captured tissue travelled through > 20 cm of esophagus** 



# **Stereoscope Image of Tissue on Capsule**

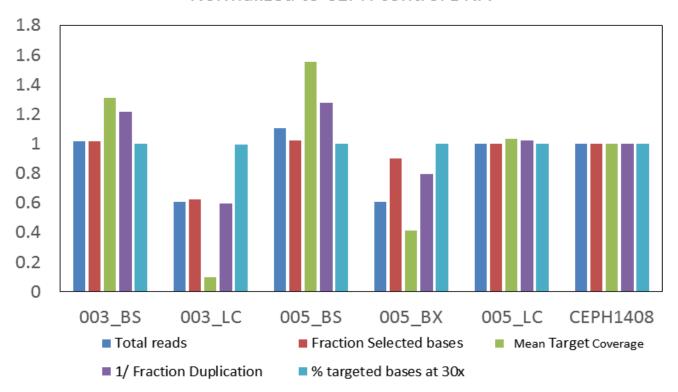


# **Endoscopy**



### **DNA Quality**

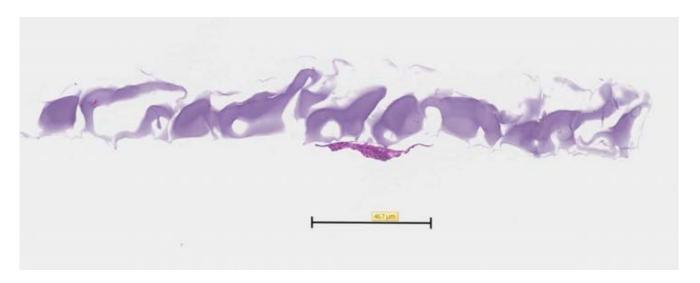
Sequencing Metrics
Normalized to CEPH control DNA

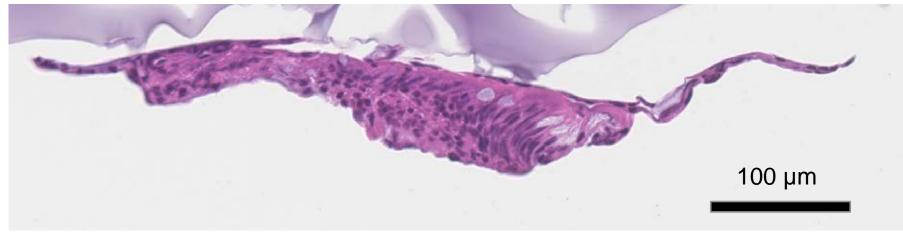


BS: buccal swab. LC: Laser capture. BX: endoscopic biopsy.

# **Capture Film Tissue Morphology**

• 1 Sec exposure time





## **Beyond Barrett's Esophagus**

- Similar work has been done throughout the GI tract to demonstrate increased diagnostic yields in stomach and colonic neoplasia
- Next phase is lung biopsies where preliminary clinical studies have shown increase in yield
- IVM in dermatology

#### **Conclusions**

- Endomicroscopy (CLE & OCT) for conducting microcopy in living patients
- Opens up the possibility of improving the quality and yield of biopsies in the GI tract and other organ systems
- Early studies show that this promise may be realized
- Additional research using technologies such as capsules and IVLCM may provide hybrid devices that take IVM image-guided biopsies in the same instrument
- More work is needed to further develop and validate these technologies to demonstrate superiority over standard of care



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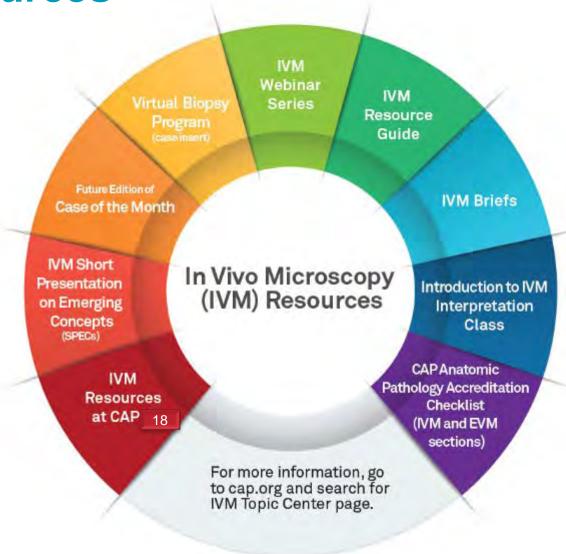
# **Fellows**

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Misia Gora

#### **IVM Resources**



# **Upcoming IVM Webinars**

Date	Topic	Speaker
April	Introduction to Different EVM Technologies	Savitri Krishnamurthy, MD, FCAP

Register for these upcoming webinars as well as archived webinars: cap.org > Calendar > Webinars

# The CAP In Vivo Microscopy Resource Guide – see handout

- The IVM resource guide highlights current IVM articles and other resources that assist in understanding and potentially adopting IVM and EVM
  - Printed guides are available for members (\$39) and non-members (\$69)
  - The digital copies of all four Resource Guides are a complimentary member benefit
  - Access them <u>www.cap.org</u> > Resources and Publications

# IVM Short Presentations on Emerging Concepts (SPECs) – see handout

#### IVM SPECs are:

- Short PowerPoints, created for pathologists
- Useful for educating colleagues about IVM and GI specialist on the role and value of pathologists in IVM

#### IVM SPEC Topics:

- In Vivo Microscopy (IVM): A New Role for Pathologists
- IVM of the GI Tract
- Ex Vivo Microscopy (EVM): A New Tool for Pathologists
- Access them <u>www.cap.org</u> > Resources and Publications



# **IVM Topic Center Page on CAP.ORG**

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#### **THANK YOU!**

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For comments about this webinar or suggestions for upcoming webinars, contact <a href="mailto:ivminfo@cap.org">ivminfo@cap.org</a>

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