

CMS Measure ID/CMS QCDR ID: CAP 22

Measure Title: Turnaround Time (TAT) - Biopsies

Measure Specifications

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Measure Description	Percentage of final pathology reports for biopsies that meet the maximum 2 business day turnaround time (TAT) requirement (Report Date – Accession Date ≤ 2 business days).	
Denominator Statement	All final pathology reports for patients, regardless of age, who undergo a biopsy -Any biopsy (i.e., CPT®¹: 88305, HCPCS: G0416, G0417, G0418, G0419), including those with special stains, immunohistochemistry (IHC), or molecular studies.	
	The denominator must be met between 01/01/2021 and 12/26/2021. This is to provide sufficient time for the performance of the numerator to be met within the performance period.	
Denominator Exclusions	 Biopsy associated with any other specimen type (i.e., CPT[©]: 88304, 88307, 88309). Cytopathology cases (i.e., Cell blocks) (CPT[©]: 88173, 88112). Cases requiring decalcification (CPT[©]: 88311). 	
Denominator Exceptions	 Cases requiring intra-departmental or extra-departmental consultation. Skin excisions with margins coded as 88305. 	
Numerator Statement	Final pathology reports for biopsies in the laboratory/hospital information system with result verified and reported by the laboratory, available to the requesting physician(s) within 2 business days.	
Numerator Exclusions	None	
Guidance	 This measure is to be reported each time a biopsy is performed during the performance period. It is anticipated that eligible clinicians providing the pathology services for procedures will submit this measure. Numerator definitions: Turnaround Time (TAT): The day the specimen is accessioned in the lab to the day the final report is signed out. Business days counted only. Accession Date: The date recorded in the laboratory/hospital information system that documents when a specimen was received by the laboratory. Report Date: The date recorded in the laboratory/hospital information system that documents when a result is verified the pathologist, reported by the laboratory information system and available to the requesting physician(s) (signed out). Signed Out/Verified: When a pathology report is released with a final diagnosis. 	
Measure Information		
NQS Domain	Communication and Care Coordination	

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Meaningful Measures Area(s)	Transfer of Health Information and Interoperability
Measure Rationale	Turnaround time (TAT) is an indicator of efficiency in anatomic pathology and may affect coordination of patient care. Measuring report timeliness, or TAT, is an indicator of efficiency in the completion of many complex and interdependent laboratory, technical, clerical, and human interpretive processes that each result in the pathology diagnostic report. Timely pathology reports are one of the most important tools physicians use to adequately manage the quality and safety of patient care. The implication of surgical pathology report delay, as shown in research evidence, is that prolonged turnaround time can play a major role in disease complications, including raising morbidity and mortality rates. Therefore, verifying pathology reports in an appropriate timeframe helps healthcare practitioners with timely diagnosis and more effective treatment planning. The accuracy of diagnosis and providing timely complete reports is one of the main quality indicators in surgical pathology. Turnaround time is considered a key daily quality performance evaluation element since it can easily be assessed with laboratory information systems (1-6). 1. Alshieban S. and Al-Surimi K. Reducing turnaround time of surgical pathology reports in pathology and laboratory medicine departments. BMJ Qual Improv Rep. 2015 Nov 24;4(1). pii: u209223.w3773. doi: 10.1136/bmjquality.u209223.w3773. eCollection 2015. 2. Morales, Azorides R. et al. Rapid-Response, Molecular-Friendly Surgical Pathology: A Radical Departure from the Century-Old Routine Practice. Journal of the American College of Surgeons , Volume 207 , Issue 3 , 320 - 325 2008. 3. Robin T. Vollmer; Analysis of Turnaround Times in Pathology: An Approach Using Failure Time Analysis, American Journal of Clinical Pathology, Volume 126, Issue 2, 1 August 2006, Pages 215–220, https://doi.org/10.1309/YTEKDOCNUBKJVFTW. 4. Novis DA1, Zarbo RJ, Saladino AJ. Arch Pathol Lab Med. Interinstitutional comparison of surgical biopsy diagnosis turnaround time: A College of American Pathologists Q-
Measure Type	Process
Data Source	Laboratory Information Systems; pathology reports
Summary of Performance	Based on data submitted to the Pathologists Quality Registry in 2019, the performance rate for this measure ranges between 0% and 100%. The average performance rate in 2019 for 28 practices, including over 481,000 cases and 143

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Gap Evidence	providers, was 59.4%. The standard deviation for the performance rate was 33.6, indicating a wide range of performance rates among practices.
Measure Owner	College of American Pathologists
NQF ID	N/A
Number of Performance Rates	1
Overall Performance Rate	1st Performance Rate
High-priority	Yes
Improvement Notation	Inverse Measure: No Proportional Measure: Yes (Higher score indicates better quality) Continuous Variable Measure: No Ratio Measure: No Risk-adjusted: No
Care Setting and Specialty	Care Setting: Other—Laboratories; Telehealth not applicable Specialty: Pathology
Current Clinical Guideline the Measure is Derived From	None



Measure Flow

